

음식숙박업 산출액 : 1910-1942
Gross Output of Restaurants and Hotels : 1910-1942

	보통영업점 Ordinary shops			고급영업점 High-class shops			합계 Total
	수 (A) Number	점당 산출액 ¹⁾ (B) Gross output per store	산출액 (A*B) Gross output	매출액 (C) Sales value	보통영업점 수로 환산(D) ²⁾ Number of high-class shops converted into ordinary shop equivalent	산출액 (C+ D*B)	산출액 Gross output
	점 store	원 yen	천 원 thousand yen	천 원 thousand yen	점 store	천 원 thousand yen	천 원 thousand yen
1910	30,818	310	9,553		14,502	4,495	14,048
1911	39,955	310	12,385		15,709	4,869	17,254
1912	46,496	325	15,098		20,545	6,671	21,770
1913	46,791	310	14,504		19,219	5,957	20,461
1914	46,407	310	14,384		17,883	5,543	19,927
1915	53,299	288	15,341		19,461	5,601	20,942
1916	51,084	303	15,457		17,859	5,404	20,861
1917	52,747	339	17,907		17,544	5,956	23,863
1918	52,609	494	26,013		16,798	8,306	34,319
1919	52,504	819	43,010		17,312	14,182	57,193
1920	50,948	959	48,880		16,090	15,437	64,317
1921	54,764	768	42,033		20,071	15,405	57,438
1922	51,624	738	38,099		19,718	14,552	52,651
1923	51,256	731	37,449		19,805	14,470	51,919
1924	50,714	657	33,310		19,825	13,021	46,331
1925	50,526	686	34,678		20,393	13,997	48,675
1926	49,540	657	32,539		21,085	13,849	46,388
1927	47,857	635	30,374		21,303	13,521	43,895
1928	46,793	664	31,080		23,927	15,892	46,973
1929	43,010	672	28,885	15,179		15,179	44,063
1930	44,994	568	25,569	15,991		15,991	41,560
1931	43,589	487	21,232	13,120		13,120	34,352
1932	41,794	502	20,974	12,279		12,279	33,253
1933	43,806	517	22,630	13,778		13,778	36,408
1934	43,600	465	20,271	16,214		16,214	36,485
1935	42,760	554	23,668	19,340		19,340	43,007
1936	40,684	546	22,218	22,963		22,963	45,181
1937	38,978	694	27,040	27,759		27,759	54,799
1938	36,945	679	25,084	31,852		31,852	56,936
1939	35,608	849	30,221	38,220		38,220	68,441
1940	33,171	974	32,314	57,822		57,822	90,136
1941	32,093	1,188	38,133	77,738		77,738	115,871
1942	30,322	1,181	35,805	101,672		101,672	137,476

주 : 공란은 해당사항이 없거나 자료부족으로 수치를 제공하지 못한 경우임.

1) 점당 산출액은 (조선인 인부 임금 * 300일 * 2 / 음식숙박업 부가가치율)임.

2) 고급영업점의 보통영업점으로의 환산비율은 요리점은 10.26배, 여관은 5.22배로 함.

위의 배율은 1929년의 (영업세 납부업소의 1점당 매출액 / 보통영업점의 1점당 산출액)으로 계산한 값임.

Note : Blank indicate data is not applicable or not available.

1) Gross output per store was derived by multiplying daily wage of Korean workers with 600(=300 days * 2) and then dividing with value added ratio).

2) Factors used to convert the number of high-class shops into ordinary shop equivalents are 10.26 for restaurants and 5.22 for hotels.

These factors were obtained by dividing gross output per store paying a business tax with gross output per ordinary shop.

출처 : 김낙년 편. 2006. 『한국의 경제성장 1910-1945』. 서울대학교출판부. pp. 457.

Source : Nak Nyeon Kim, ed. 2006. *Economic Growth in Korea 1910-1945*. Seoul National University Press. pp. 457.